



Are you hoping to stop blood thinners after an ablation?



It's possible with a
combined ablation &
WATCHMAN Implant
treatment.



Many doctors recommend **combining cardiac ablation and WATCHMAN Implant** procedures as a comprehensive solution for addressing AFib progression, symptoms, and stroke risk. This approach helps people living with AFib address their concerns in one procedural experience.

Talk to your doctor about whether a combined ablation and WATCHMAN Implant treatment may be right for you.

Take control of your AFib

Atrial fibrillation (AFib) is an irregular heartbeat that can cause fatigue and shortness of breath. As it progresses from occasional episodes to ones that last for days or longer, the risk of stroke, blood clots, and heart failure rises. Treatment options include lifestyle changes, medications, cardiac ablation to manage symptoms, and the WATCHMAN Implant to lower stroke risk.

What is the combined ablation & WATCHMAN Implant treatment?

A cardiac ablation reduces AFib symptoms by using heat, cold, or electrical energy to treat the areas of the heart where irregular rhythms begin. The WATCHMAN Implant reduces AFib-related stroke risk by permanently closing off the left atrial appendage (LAA), eliminating the need for lifelong blood thinners.^{*1}



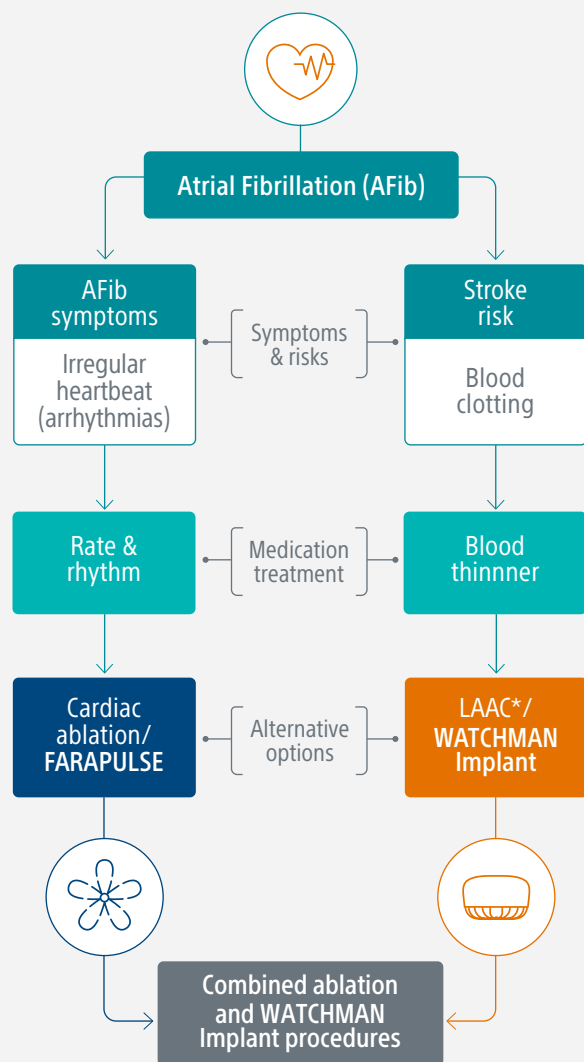
As standalone procedures they target different atrial fibrillation (AFib) issues, but when done together, they address AFib symptoms & stroke risk at the same time.

Who is eligible for this combined treatment?

Talk to your doctor about your AFib, symptoms, and any medications you take for rhythm and rate management. Then they can tell you whether you're a candidate for cardiac ablation and whether it would make sense to do it at the same time as your WATCHMAN Implant procedure.

How does this combined approach work?

First, a doctor performs a cardiac ablation to treat the areas in the heart that cause irregular heartbeats. Then, the doctor places the WATCHMAN Implant in the heart to stop stroke-causing clots from forming and escaping the left atrial appendage (LAA). This is done in one hospital visit – treating both AFib symptoms and stroke risk at the same time.



*Left Atrial Appendage Closure

Talk with your doctor about the best AFib treatment options for you

Consider these options that address symptoms & stroke risk

FARAPULSE™

PFA Platform

FARAPULSE™ Pulsed Field Ablation is an advanced, minimally-invasive cardiac ablation procedure that uses quick pulses of electrical energy to precisely target the source of irregular heartbeats and reduce AFib symptoms.



Learn more at farapulse.com or check eligibility

WATCHMAN™

LEFT ATRIAL APPENDAGE CLOSURE IMPLANT

The WATCHMAN Implant is a safe, minimally invasive, one-time implant that reduces the risk of stroke from non-valvular atrial fibrillation. It's an alternative to blood thinners for people who need one.



Learn more at watchman.com or check eligibility

50%

A clinical trial showed that after an ablation, the WATCHMAN Implant was just as safe and effective as blood thinners at reducing stroke risk – plus, **people with the WATCHMAN Implant were 50% less likely to have a bleeding event.**^{2,3}

Have Questions? Ask an Education Specialist.

They're trained professionals with healthcare experience, here to answer your questions and help you get ready to talk to your doctor.

Monday to Friday, 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. CT
1-888-242-7976

There are risks associated with all medical procedures. Please talk with your doctor about the risks and benefits associated with the FARAPULSE Pulsed Field Ablation procedure and the WATCHMAN Implant.

References:

* In a clinical trial, 96% of patients were able to discontinue their blood thinner 45 days after getting the WATCHMAN Implant.

1. Kar, S., et al, Primary Outcome Evaluation of the Next Generation LAAC Device: Results from the PINNACLE FLX Trial, *Circulation*, 2021.
2. Wazni M, Saliba W, Nair D, et al. Left Atrial Appendage Closure after Ablation for Atrial Fibrillation. *N Engl J Med*. 2025;392:1277-1287.
3. Saliba W, Nair D, Swarup V, et al. Comparison of Left Atrial Appendage Closure and Oral Anticoagulation after Catheter Ablation for Atrial Fibrillation: Concomitant and Sequential Cohorts of the OPTION Randomized Controlled Trial. *Heart Rhythm*. 2025.

There are risks associated with all medical procedures. Talk with your doctor about the risks and benefits of the WATCHMAN Implant. Visit WATCHMAN.COM for safety information. Rx only.

CAUTION: The law restricts these devices to sale by or on the order of a physician

Important Safety Information

The WATCHMAN FLX and WATCHMAN FLX Pro Devices are permanent implants designed to close the left atrial appendage in the heart in an effort to reduce the risk of stroke.

With all medical procedures there are risks associated with the implant procedure and the use of the device. The risks include, but are not limited to, accidental puncture of the heart causing fluid to collect around the heart possibly leading towards the need for an additional procedure, allergic reaction, anesthesia risks, altered mental status or confusion after procedure, arrhythmias (irregular heartbeats), bleeding or throat pain from the TEE (Trans Esophageal Echo) probe, chest pain/discomfort, congestive heart failure, renal failure, excessive bleeding, gastrointestinal bleeding, groin puncture bleed, bruising at the catheter insertion site, groin pain, anemia (reduced red blood cells requiring transfusion), hypotension, infection/pneumonia (example: in or around your heart or lungs), misplacement of the device, improper seal of the appendage or movement of device from appendage wall, clot formation on the device, blood clot or air bubbles in the lungs or other organs, stroke, transient ischemic attack (temporary stroke-like symptoms), cranial bleed (bleeding in or around your brain), thrombosis (blockage of a blood vessel or vein by a clot) and in rare cases death can occur.

Be sure to talk with your doctor so that you thoroughly understand all of the risks and benefits associated with the implantation of the device. (SH-2109508-AA)

Important Safety Information

The FARAWAVE catheter is intended for the isolation of the pulmonary veins in the treatment of paroxysmal atrial fibrillation and the isolation of the pulmonary veins and posterior wall in the treatment of persistent atrial fibrillation (lasting less than one year) by rendering targeted cardiac tissue electrically non-conductive to prevent cardiac arrhythmia initiation or maintenance. With all medical procedures there are risks associated with the use of the device. The risks include but are not limited to pain or discomfort, electric shock, hypotension, infection/inflammation, allergic reaction, anesthesia risk, radiation injury/tissue burn, heart failure, renal failure, respiratory distress, arrhythmia, nerve injury (such as phrenic nerve or vagal nerve), gastrointestinal disorders, vessel trauma, cardiac trauma (such as perforation), injury related to adjacent structures (esophageal injury, atrio-esophageal fistula, pulmonary injury), pulmonary vein stenosis, surgical and access site complications, muscle spasm, injury due to blood clot or air bubbles in the lungs or other organs, heart attack, TIA, stroke, and/or damage to red blood cells. In rare cases, cardiac arrest or death may occur. Be sure to talk with your doctor so that you thoroughly understand all of the risks and benefits associated with the procedure and use of the device. 97502752 (Rev A)